

pandas.DataFrame.mean

[Show Source](#)

`DataFrame.mean(axis=0, skipna=True, numeric_only=False, **kwargs)` [\[source\]](#)

Return the mean of the values over the requested axis.

Parameters: `axis` : *{index (0), columns (1)}*

Axis for the function to be applied on. For *Series* this parameter is unused and defaults to 0.

For *DataFrames*, specifying `axis=None` will apply the aggregation across both axes.

! *New in version 2.0.0.*

skipna : *bool, default True*

Exclude NA/null values when computing the result.

numeric_only : *bool, default False*

Include only float, int, boolean columns. Not implemented for *Series*.

****kwargs**

Additional keyword arguments to be passed to the function.

Returns: `Series` or `scalar`

Examples

```
>>> s = pd.Series([1, 2, 3])
>>> s.mean()
2.0
```

With a DataFrame

```
>>> df = pd.DataFrame({'a': [1, 2], 'b': [2, 3]}, index=['tiger', 'zebra'])
>>> df
   a  b
tiger 1  2
zebra 2  3
>>> df.mean()
a    1.5
b    2.5
dtype: float64
```

Using axis=1

```
>>> df.mean(axis=1)
tiger    1.5
zebra    2.5
dtype: float64
```

In this case, `numeric_only` should be set to `True` to avoid getting an error.

```
>>> df = pd.DataFrame({'a': [1, 2], 'b': ['T', 'Z']},
...                    index=['tiger', 'zebra'])
>>> df.mean(numeric_only=True)
a    1.5
dtype: float64
```

[Previous pandas documentation](#)